ABSTRACT

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Title

: Cytotoxicity Evaluation of Alpinia galanga Towards T47D and Vero Cell Lines

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Breast cancer is accounted as one of the leading causes of death. Several golden standards that

commonly prescribed by general practitioner showed serious side effect to the cancer patients. As

the consequences, research on anticancer drug has broadened to the area of herbal medicine to find

compound which can be used as the drug candidate. In this study, ethanolic extract of Alpinia

galanga was prepared and its cytotoxicity test towards T47D breast cancer and Vero normal cell

lines were observed using MTT assay. In addition, cell cycle distribution and apoptosis test were

conducted using propidium iodide and FITC Annexin V using flowcytometry technique to measure

the effect of Alpinia galanga extract towards T47D cell lines. In dose-dependent manner, IC50 of

Alpinia galanga on T47D and Vero cells were $74.5 \mu \text{ g/mL}$ and $115.6 \mu \text{ g/mL}$ respectively.

Flowcytometry analysis indicated that Alpinia galanga extract induced SubG1 population.

Furthermore, induction of apoptosis was exhibited by cell shrinkage that observed under the

microscope. The outcome of apoptotic assay revealed that the highest percentage of cell death in

Alpinia galanga treated cells is caused by necrosis.

Keywords: Alpinia galanga, T47D, Vero, MTT assay, Cytotoxicity, Apoptosis, Cell cycle

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